

Husker Patriot

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Nebraska SAR Society Spring Meeting to be Held April 15, 2018
President's Message

I would like to thank everyone for providing me the opportunity to serve as your president. I joined the Omaha Chapter, NESSAR in 2006. I have three proven Patriot Ancestors and still searching for more. This has been a challenge as there were few public records and little formal documentation in the late 1700's in the little frontier town of Wheeling, Virginia (now West Virginia). One piece of good luck was to locate a copy of the William Webb bible dated 1815 which has filled in many gaps. During the past several years the Nebraska Society has grown even though we lose several members each year by members not renewing their membership or transferring to another state. Currently, we have 103 members paying dues. Everyone is encouraged to look at our excellent web site. There is so much information about the NES-SAR available at your fingertips and it is still growing. State and Chapter Officers are listed, information regarding membership is available and so much more. Share the site with people who may be interested in joining. It's an



SAR APPLICATIONS

Please mail all new member and supplemental applications to our NE SAR State Secretary: **Compatriot John Reinert, P.O. Box 83251, Lincoln, NE 68501-3251.**

If you need to contact Compatriot Reinert, he may be reached by phone at 402-432-9168 or by email at: **JR6@AOL.Com**

Infamous



"Brown Bess"

The 6th Annual American Heritage Dinner was held Feb 17, 2018 at the Havelock Social Hall, 4538 N. 62nd Street, Lincoln, Nebraska. This event was hosted by the Lincoln Chapter NESSAR, co-sponsored by Humanities Nebraska. This event is held each February as close to President Washington's birthday as possible. The social hour started at 5:30pm with dinner at 6:30 followed by the featured speaker at 7. Each year this event has grown as more people and organizations have attended. The presenter this year was Darrell Draper as Daniel

Continued on page 2: See Heritage



Rev. Dr. James H o k e , President of the Lincoln Chapter was the Master of Ceremonies for the dinner.

NOTICE: NESSAR Spring Meeting—April 15, 2018

William Webb, President of the Nebraska Society Sons of the American Revolution has advised that the Members of the Board of Counselors has reviewed the Budget for this year and it has been approved. In accordance with the Nebraska Society By-Laws the Budget will be presented to the Membership for their approval at the Annual Spring Meeting which will be held at Mahoney State Park, April 15th, 2018 at 2:00 PM. Our Spring Meeting is our most important Society meeting of the year and all members are encouraged to attend. The Spring meeting is not only the time when we

as a group have the opportunity to review our Society’s business developments and accomplishments of the past year but also preview what lies ahead. There is so much that we can accomplish in the state of Nebraska to further the ideals of our Patriot forefathers, such as presenting Flag Certificates, presenting ROTC/JROTC medals, working with Scouts and presenting Certificates to Volunteer Firemen, Police Officers and EMT personnel, just to name a few. The Spring Meeting would be a great time for our members to put a plug in, to submit your ideas on what you want your Society to work on. We have a great program lined up. We will be presenting

several awards to some outstanding and deserving individuals. Come and be a part of this important Meeting. It has been a long winter and now it’s time to get out of the house and be with your fellow Compatriots, some you probably haven’t seen for quite awhile. Bring your wife or guest with you. There is a new food service at Mahony State Park that opened March 1, 2018. It is a family owned business with another restaurant in Council Bluffs, IA called the “Salty Dog Restaurant”. The restaurant at Mahoney State Part is named “Caddy’s Parkside Grille”. The menu offers a variety of Sand-
Cont: see Spring Meeting page 5,C3

6th Annual American Heritage Dinner/Celebration

Heritage:

Freeman, 1st person to get a homestead, near Beatrice, Nebraska.

Presenter Darrell Draper Portraying Daniel Freeman



Darrell Draper did a great job in portraying Daniel Freeman. On May 20, 1862, President Abraham Lincoln signed the Homestead Act. This gave adults 160 acres of land if

they filed paperwork and paid a small fee. The homesteader was required to build a dwelling and farm the land for five years. January 1, 1863, was the day the Homestead Act went into effect. Freeman said that he was leaving for St. Louis the morning of January 1st, for military duty. It was said that Freeman plied the clerk with liquor that evening convincing him to open the land office just after midnight so he could file his claim. Everyone enjoyed the presentation.



Attendees having a great time: Bob and Kathy Ocasio, Louise Travers, CMSgt (Ret’d) Robert Knott, Marcia Shavlik and her husband Dave.



Missing in Action (MIA) dining table honoring those that went missing while serving their country. Shirley Stetson is shown above after she

and her husband LaVerne set up the display.



Shown in the photo above are Marcia Shavlik and Deb Miner, members of the DAR, reviewing some of the displays at the American Heritage Dinner.



In the above photo, Huguenot Society members attending, L-R: Kathy Ocasio, CMSgt (Ret'd) Robert Knott, Paul Moore, John Parsons, (Appl. Submitted), Thomas Masters, Judy Moore, Ann Reinert and John Reinert.



Shown above is John Reinert, Secretary of the Nebraska Society, SAR reading the citation accompanying the Children of the American Revolution Publication Award. This was given by the National Society, Sons of the American Revolution for the CAR having the best Newsletter. Accepting the Award is Mary Dolan, Senior President of the Nebraska CAR.



Members of the War of 1812 in attendance: Paul Burrright, John Parsons, Fred Walden, CMSgt (Ret'd) Robert Knott, Kathy Ocasio, Louise Travers, Judy Moore, Marcia Shavlik, Mary Bothwell and Mary Dolan.



The above photo shows Paul Burrright, member of the SAR & War of 1812 and his wife Paula with his parents, Sandra and her husband Clyde Burrright, also a member of the SAR.



The above photo shows Kathy Ocasio, Louise Travers and Judy Moore, all members of the National Society, Daughters of the American Colonists. They are also members of other patriotic organizations.



Compatriot Fred Walden and his wife Jan enjoying the festivities.

2018-19 Meetings and Events

Omaha Chapter does not hold meetings in June, July and August

Apr 6, Lincoln Chapter Meeting 9:00 am, Eastmont Towers

Apr 10, Omaha Chapter Meeting 6:00 pm, Gorats

Apr 15, 1:00 pm NE State Meeting Mahoney State Park

May 4, Lincoln Chapter Meeting 9:00 am, Eastmont Towers

May 8, Omaha Chapter Meeting 6:00 pm, Gorats

Jun 1, Lincoln Chapter Meeting 9:00 am, Eastmont Towers

Jul 4, Independence Day

Jul 6, Lincoln Chapter Meeting 9:00 am, Eastmont Towers

Aug 3, Lincoln Chapter Meeting 9:00 am, Eastmont Towers

Sep 7, Lincoln Chapter Meeting 9:00 am, Eastmont Towers

Sep 11, Omaha Chapter Meeting 6:00 pm, Gorats

Sep 23 1:00 pm NE State Meeting Mahoney State Park



Shown is outgoing Lincoln Chapter President Shawn Stoner presenting the Distinguished Service Medal to Compatriot LaVerne Stetson

of the Lincoln Chapter. LaVerne has worked tirelessly in helping insure that the Heritage Day Celebration and Dinner these past six years have been completed flawlessly.

Cont: more Heritigage page 7, col 2

Members' Corner

We are looking for articles for our Newsletter about our members Patriots. Would you be willing to put together an article about your Patriot? It could be one or two pages long or even a paragraph. If you go up to four or five pages we could have a continuation into the next Quarter's Newsletter. These articles would then be available for all of our members to enjoy. If we can assist you in any way with putting something together just let us know. An article would be such a great way to pass down to our future generations what your Patriot did for our country. We are only an email away.

We now have thirty Newsletters published and distributed to our members. I would like to ask you to again take a good look at these Newsletters and let us know what you would like to see in future editions. We did receive several votes of confidence on the outline and direction of the newsletter is moving, however, we do need more input from fellow compatriots in our chapter news and general submissions. Are there areas of interest that you would like included? How well are we meeting your needs? If you have any stories and/or pictures you take at any of our events that you can share, please contact the Newsletter Co-Editor Bob Knott at chiefknott@aol.com or the Co-Editor Bill Webb at webb.w@q.com. This is your Newsletter and we want it to be as informative and interesting as we can make it. This is where you can help.



MEET MY PATRIOTS

Presented by **John Parsons**

“MY AMERICAN REVOLUTION ANCESTORS”



Simon Peter Ruth was born in Springfield Township, Bucks County, Pennsylvania in 1748. His father, Johann Georg Ruth, was born in Oberalben, Germany, part of the Palatinate, and immigrated to the New World in 1741, landing in Philadelphia. Johann moved north into Bucks County shortly after his arrival.

The area around Oberalben, including the municipalities of Kusel and Ulmet, was the home of quite a few immigrants who traveled to Pennsylvania in the early 1700s as part of the Pennsylvania German immigration. Many of the immigrants from this area also settled in Bucks County. When I was in the Air Force I spent a good deal of temporary duty (TDY) at nearby Ramstein Air Base (USAF) in Germany. During one of those trips I had the pleasure of visiting Oberalben and several other villages in which some of my ancestors lived.

One interesting fact about Oberalben is that it is the home of the Emigrants Museum which documents families that left this village and emigrated to Pennsylvania. Among those emigrants that the museum touts are the ancestors of George Herman “Babe” Ruth. The bottom line to all this is that I’m a distant cousin of Babe Ruth, alt-

hough I don’t know the exact relationship. As I said, Johann Georg Ruth settled in Bucks County where my patriot ancestor was born and raised. Other descendants of Johann Georg moved west into Berks and Lancaster Counties, with some ultimately moving into Maryland (Babe Ruth’s branch).

Returning to my patriot line, Simon Peter Ruth served as a Private in the Bucks County Militia, as did several of my other ancestors, many of whom are related by marriage, including my Frederick ancestors, two of whom were in the Revolution. He died in 1838 and is buried in the Union Church Cemetery in Springfield Township. His son, John George Ruth, served in the War of 1812, as did another Frederick ancestor of mine. Patriotic service seems to be the common denominator of many of my Bucks County forbears, a fact which makes me very proud.

“...Peter was enrolled with the Springfield Company of Associators (Revolutionary War Volunteers) on Aug. 21, 1775. He was a private in Capt. Christopher Wigner's company of militia in 1781. He was assessed as a taxable in Springfield Twp., in 1779; in 1784 he was rated for 100 acres, 2 dwellings, 2 out-houses and 7 members in his fami-

ly. On Aug. 4, 1791, he purchased from John Barclay, 109 acres and 88 perches for £100, on which he and his family were already residing. This homestead was located along the public road leading from Bursonville to Cressman's Mill, about a mile from the former place. "This is along the Northern edge of the trap rock region. On May 10, 1833, Mary Ruth, widow, renounced right of administering the Estate of her deceased husband in favor of her son, Samuel Ruth and Jonas Cressman. Instead of signing her name, she affixed her "mark," an "X" a very common custom for those who were unschooled or unable because of age or ill health. These administrators sold off the estate, 102 acres and 50 perches to Anthony Amey and wife Hannah, inn-keeper, of Rockhill Twp., of which Amey on the same date (Apr. 4, 1834) sold 60 acres and 43 perches to Abraham Gehman. On Apr. 19, 1834, the administrators conveyed 10 acres and 145 perches to Joseph Ruth and wife Sarah. This was evidently later the property of Ephraim Beidleman. There were 11 children b o r n t o t h e m . " ! All quotes from Ruth Genealogy, Vol. 2, The Ruth Families, compiled by Warren R. Kriebel, 1981.

Omaha Chapter News

Compatriot Hugh Bowers Nehls was initiated in the Nebraska Society Sons of the American Revolution during the January meeting of the Omaha Chapter NESSAR by President Thomas Upton. Assisting was State President Webb. Compatriot Nehl's patriot Ancestor was Charles Campbell serving as Lieutenant – Major from Westmoreland County, PA., enlisting 21 Mar 1777. Compatriot Nehls gave a brief but informative sketch of his service. A more detailed biographical sketch will be presented in a future edition of the Husker Patriot.



Pictured above L-R: Compatriots Upton, Nehls & Webb

Omaha meeting, February 2018

Vice President Benjamin Harvey was the featured speaker for the Omaha Chapter February meeting. His topic was the History of the Purple Heart medal. Compatriot Harvey presented an informative history and was enjoyed by all. Complete article will be the 2nd Quarter Newsletter.



Omaha March Meeting

The Omaha Chapter's featured speaker was Kristine Gerber from Restoration Exchange Omaha. Pictured L-R: Jared Gerber, husband of Kristine, Kristine Gerber and Ben Harvey, Vice President.



Ms Gerber gave an informative presentation on the National Historic Presentation Act passed in 1966 and how it affected Omaha Nebraska. This act was passed in response to the loss of historic buildings across the country during the post-war boom of the 1950's and 1960's. Historic monuments across the country were demolished in a wave of highway construction and urban renewal.

Omaha was ahead of the times as Landmarks Inc. was started in 1965 in an effort to save the old Post Office at 16th and Dodge Street. As everyone is aware the effort wasn't successful. However several other buildings were preserved since this effort. Some of the successes but not all are listed: General Crook house, Omaha Building, Cornish Mansion,, Astro Theater, and Joslyn Castle.

Not all efforts by Landmarks were successful as the ones listed above. Jobbers Canyon, one of the largest historic district ever torn down, was a complete failure for its preservation, which gave rise to ConAgra's campus.

Since there was no clear preservation leader in Omaha, a move to remedy this fact was started in 2013 and Restore Omaha was established. Their mission is to educate and motivate people to restore and preserve older homes, buildings and neighborhoods. This movement is just starting and gaining momentum.

Everyone in attendance enjoyed the presentation and a healthy discussion followed.

P r e s i d e n t :

excellent place for members to stay up to date on NESSAR news. The following is a list of some of our accomplishments:

- ◆ Establishing By Laws
- ◆ Regular scheduled meetings
- ◆ Developed Web Site and Face Book accounts
- ◆ Establishing Life Memberships for the Nebraska Society
- ◆ Eagle Scout Scholarship stipend of \$500
- ◆ Recognizing First Responders and providing a stipend of \$100
- ◆ Recognizing people for flying the United States Flag
- ◆ Recognizing students for their participation in ROTC
- ◆ Award winning Newsletter having 30 issues printed & distributed
- ◆ Color Guard
- ◆ Nebraska Society Medal
- ◆ Recognizing members for their efforts
- ◆ Accounting system for dues

I ask that each of you take pride in your chapter, the Nebraska State Society and the fact that you belong to the Sons of the American Revolution. Please attend your Chapter meetings and volunteer to help. Being a member of a viable and growing organization requires commitment and participation. If you have ideas or suggestions on what we can do to further strengthen our chapters and our Society, I am listening.

Spring Meeting :

wiches, Wraps, Burgers, Soups and Salads. If you plan to attend the Spring meeting on April 17 you may want to try the new grill at 1pm. The meeting will start at 2pm. Meals will be ordered off the menu and the cost averages about \$10.00 per meal. If you plan to attend the Spring meeting and eat at the restaurant please notify John Reinert jr6@aol.com no later than April 10 so we can provide a head count for the restaurant staff.

If you know a Compatriot that needs a ride please bring them with you. We would like to see you.

THE PHILADELPHIA CAMPAIGN
BY
JOHN PARSONS



The Philadelphia Campaign of 1777 was an attempt by the British to finally end the colonial revolt after two years of failed efforts. The British had been run out of Boston, a hotbed of revolutionary fervor, in 1775. Recognizing that they would get no support from the colonists in New England, the British next attempted to bring an end to the conflict by seizing the largest city and port in the colonies, New York, and thereby applying economic pressure to the rebels forcing their surrender. After the capture of New York in 1776, Howe's forces pursued the defeated Continentals across New Jersey. Howe, a Whig and an advocate of reconciliation between Britain and the colonies, offered amnesty to any and all colonists who would pledge allegiance to the Crown. He had some success in that endeavor until Washington counter-attacked across the Delaware, capturing Trenton and its Hessian garrison and driving the British back into New York and northern New Jersey.

Howe still believed that there were substantial numbers of colonists who would return to the Crown if they could be shown that there was no other viable alternative. Consequently, Howe decided to take the Rebel capital, Philadelphia. With the capital gone, and the government in flight, Howe thought there would be a surrender, as would be the case

if a similar situation occurred in Europe.

Other elements in Britain wanted to pursue a different strategy, such as pushing southward from Canada into New York, and thereby cutting off New England, the hotbed of the rebellion, from the other colonies. Another force under General Burgoyne was dispatched to Canada with orders to proceed southward along the Hudson Valley to Albany, thereby cutting off the New England colonies from the rest of the colonies. Howe disagreed with that strategy because it would not secure the rebel capital and would do nothing more than isolate New England. In Howe's estimation there needed to be a decisive victory to put an end to this war.

Howe decided to move his army by sea rather than march overland through New Jersey as it would confuse Washington as to the real objective. The fleet sailed from New York but rather than take the most direct route, up the Delaware to Philadelphia, Howe had the fleet sail up the Chesapeake Bay landing at Head of Elk (now Elkton) Maryland in late August 1777. The British force then proceeded to march through Delaware and into Pennsylvania.

By this time, Washington had figured out the British objective and marched his men from their camp in northern New Jersey, across the Delaware and through Philadelphia, heading westward where he established a defensive line along the Brandywine Creek. The main road that the British were talking from Maryland (now US Route 1) would cross the Brandywine at Chadd's Ford. Washington posted his best forces at that ford, and covered several of the other fords along the river. British artillery opened fire on the Continentals at Chadd's Ford, thereby reinforcing the notion that the main British assault would take place there. However, Howe planned a flanking movement like the one he had used against Washington in the Long Island Campaign the previous year. While the Hessians continued the feint at Chadd's Ford, Cornwallis (Howe's second in command) led the

main British force in a flanking attack that caught the Americans by surprise. Fortunately, a local farmer (known as Squire Cheney) saw Cornwallis's movement and warned Washington of the imminent danger.

Sullivan's and Wayne's Continentals shifted their positions to face the British attack, thereby providing enough time for the rest of Washington's army to withdraw from their positions and retreat eastward, thereby avoiding a crushing encirclement.

Howe's forces moved into Philadelphia, entering the city on 26 September. Fortunately, the Continental Congress had sufficient time to evacuate westward toward York where they established a new temporary capital. Additionally, the Liberty Bell was evacuated 60 miles north to a secure hiding place in a church basement in Allentown. (Had the Liberty Bell not been evacuated, the British would have melted it down for artillery ammunition.)

With the enemy capital in his control, Howe expected the Americans to sue for peace. Such was not the case as in October Washington launched a counter-attack against the British outpost in Germantown, just north of Philadelphia. This caught Howe totally by surprise.

Washington had three columns moving parallel to attack the British, but unfortunately a combination of bad weather (heavy fog) and poor communication led to two of the American columns colliding with each other and their retreat. The Americans pulled back and regrouped northeast of Philadelphia. Howe decided to attack their positions and inflict a major defeat on them after which he would enter into winter quarters in Philadelphia and hopefully await peace negotiations. The Americans occupied a good defensive position near Whitemarsh, but as Howe moved into position to attack, the Americans launched several preemptive probing attacks that drove the British advance elements back. Recognizing that any further assaults on the entrenched Continentals would

Cont'd on Page 7, Col. 1

Cont'd from Page 6, Col. 3 likely result in a bloody and inconclusive result, Howe opted to return to winter quarters in Philadelphia. Washington also decided to enter winter quarters which he established at nearby Valley Forge for his Continentals (the militia, primarily from Pennsylvania at this point) were mustered out and allowed to return home). Therefore, by the beginning of December the Philadelphia campaign was concluded.

Although this concluded the campaign, there are several significant results besides the battles and their conclusions. First of all, the fact that the Americans counterattacked at Germantown, just a month after their defeat at Brandywine, was unheard of in European military circles. This counterattack, as much as the American victory over Burgoyne at Saratoga during the same time frame, proved to the French, among others, that the Americans were not going to surrender but would persist in their efforts for independence. Secondly, it proved to General Howe and other British advocates of a negotiated peace that did not involve colonial independence that that would not occur. There was still some wishful thinking in Britain that some portion of the colonies could be reconciled to British rule if the focus of the campaign were to focus on the southern colonies where there were presumed to be many more loyalists than in New England and the Middle Colonies. Hence the campaigns in Georgia and the Carolinas were launched. Finally, after the American Army left Valley Forge, they were a totally different force. After they had been trained by the "Prussian Drillmaster", Von Steuben, the Continental troops never again lost a standup battle with the British, beginning with Monmouth Court House in 1778.

While much of these locales have changed over the past 250 years, there are still elements that have been well preserved. Much of the Brandywine battlefield is still somewhat rural and has historical markers, and some of Whitmarsh is a

preserved state park. Germantown, while now an urban portion of Philadelphia, has a few preserved locales, including the Chew House on Germantown Avenue where British troops dug in and held against the Americans, and Germantown Square, which was the center of the British lines and where their artillery was located. Valley Forge is a well preserved National Park.

Having grown up in Pennsylvania, having walked the grounds of these battles, and having Patriot ancestors that participated in all these engagements, for me this is not merely an academic study, but it forms a real and tangible connection to the past. I highly recommend that you visit these locales if you have the opportunity to do so.

AMERICAN HERITAGE DINNER CONTINUATION



Compatriot Rev. Jim Hoke and crowd enjoying happy hour.



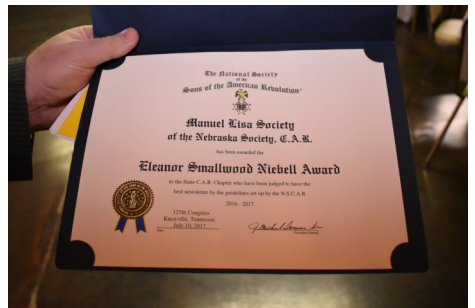
Shown above are Judy Moore, member of the DAR, Huguenot Society and the Mayflower Society talking with Dr. David Kentsmith, Past State President of the Nebraska SAR Society. Shown in the foreground are Jan Walden, wife of Compatriot Fred Walden, Ann Reinert, member of the DAR, Huguenot Society and Mayflower Society and Kitty, wife of compatriot Dr. David Kentsmith.



Everyone enjoying a great catered meal, co-sponsored by the Lincoln Chapter and Nebraska Humanities.



Deb Miner, NEDAR, explaining the 2018 America's Run For The Fallen which begins Apr 7 at Fort Irwin, CA and ends Aug 5th at Arlington National Cemetery, VA.



Niebell Award presented to the Manual Lisa Society of the Nebraska Society, CAR.



What a great gathering of proud Americans celebrating their heritage through membership in patriotic organizations.

MORE PICTURES AND STORIES

**The Nebraska Society Salutes
Longtime Members**

The Nebraska Society would like to salute and recognize the following members who have reached long-time membership anniversaries during the year 2017. What a wonderful benefit we have of our ongoing membership and having a chance to visit with other members, renewing acquaintances, year after year during our annual meetings such as this one coming up April 15 and the one we have in the Fall.

65 years

Robert H. Hale—Lincoln

40 years

Wilton H. Dorris—At Large
Robert J. Ernst—At Large

35 years

Ward H. Reesman, III—Lincoln

25 years

Kenneth G. Paulson—Omaha
Robert V. Chandler—Lincoln

15 years

Frederick A. Walden—Omaha

10 years

Cary C. Clark—At Large
Timothy N. Fowler—Omaha
Dr. David K. KentSmith, MD—Omaha
William Sellgren—Omaha

5 years

Nathaniel A. McHargue—At Large
Randall D. Rademacher—At Large
Charles L. Senrick—Omaha
Dr. Frederick Strider, Ph.D—Omaha

Outgoing State President KentSmith congratulating newly elected State President Webb.



**Nebraska SSAR Officers
2018-2019**



Pictured above (L—R) are the new State Officers for 2018-2019. President William S. Webb, Jr; (1st Vice President Shawn K. Stoner; 2nd Vice President Dr. Merle T. McAlevy, MD not included in picture); Treasurer John C. Braisted and Secretary John W Reinert.

**Omaha Chapter NESSAR
Officers 2018-2019**



Pictured above (L-R) are the Omaha Chapter Officers, Vice President Benjamin H. Harvey; Secretary Paul H. Burrignt; President Thomas L. Upton and Treasurer John T. Parsons.

**Lincoln Chapter NESSAR
Officers 2018-2019**



**NEBRASKA SOCIETY OFFICERS
2018-2019**

President: William S. Webb, Jr., Omaha
1st Vice President: Shawn K. Stoner, Lincoln
2nd Vice President: Dr. Merle T. McAlevy, MD, Omaha
Secretary: John W. Reinert, Lincoln
Treasurer: John C. Braisted, Lincoln
Registrar: Thomas Masters, Lincoln
Deputy Registrar: Robert L. Knott, JR., Omaha
Trustee: Fred Walden, Omaha
Alt. Trustee: LaVerne Stetson, Lincoln
North Central Vice President General: Dr. David KentSmith, M.D., Omaha

**BOARD OF COUNSELORS
2018-2019**

President: William S. Webb, Jr., Omaha
1st Vice President: Shawn K. Stoner, Lincoln
2nd Vice President: Dr. Merle T. McAlevy, MD, Omaha
Secretary: John Reinert, Lincoln
Treasurer: John C. Braisted, Lincoln
Chap. President: Thomas L. Upton, Omaha
Chap. Vice President: Benjamin H. Harvey, Omaha
Chap. Secretary: Paul H. Burrignt, Omaha
Chap. President: Rev. Dr. James L. Hoke, Ph.D., Lincoln
Chap. Vice President: Shawn K. Stoner, Lincoln
Chap. Secretary: John C. Braisted, Lincoln
Past State President: Thomas Masters, Lincoln
Past State President: Merle Rudebusch, Lincoln
Past State President: John Parsons, Omaha
Past State President: Robert Knott, Omaha
Past State President: LaVerne Stetson, Lincoln
Past State President: Fred Walden, Omaha
Past State President: Dr. David K. KentSmith, MD, Omaha

Pictured to the left are the—Lincoln Chapter Officers (L—R), President Rev. Dr. James L. Hoke, Ph.D.; Secretary Shawn K. Stoner; Vice President John C. Braisted and Treasurer LaVerne E. Stetson.

Should any Nebraska member have an address, telephone or email update please notify the State Secretary John Reinert at email jr6@aol.com